

Biochar vs. Activated Carbon

William F. Naylor



Expertise: World's largest bioeconomy consulting group - over 100 subject matter experts (SME's)- all areas of the bioeconomy.

Approach: Project interdisciplinary teams to meet exact needs of specific projects.

POC: Handle projects with one agreement and single point of contact.

Cost Advantage: Single POC = lower administrative costs = lower project cost.



Biochar or Activated Carbon?

Similarities & Differences between Biochar and Activated Carbon

Markets / Applications

Advantages of Biochar

Suggestions for Biochar Manufacturers



Similarities of Biochar and Activated Carbon

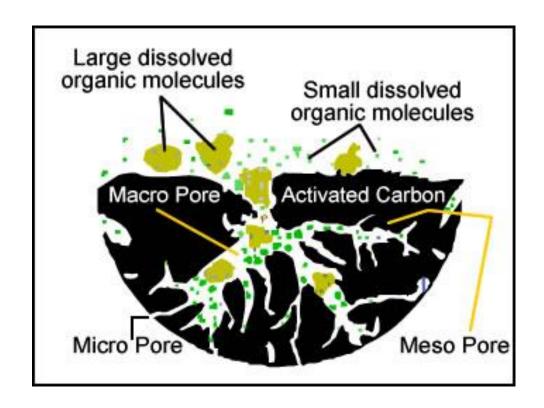
- Carbon-based porous material
- A purification media (liquid and gas)
- The active agent in a separation process

Biochar raw material:

Cellulose biomass

Activated carbon raw materials:

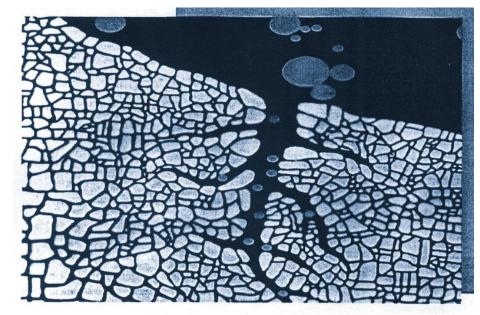
Primarily bituminous and lignite coal





Biochar and Activated Carbon Comparison

Analysis	Biochar	Activated Carbon
Iodine Number	500-600	500-1000+
Pore Size	Macro- and Mesoporous	Macro-, Meso-, and Microporous depending on raw material
Density (Lbs/Ft3)	5-7	22-28
Ash	10% max	10-25% Coal 10% Coconut



Micropores:

<2nm

Mesopores:

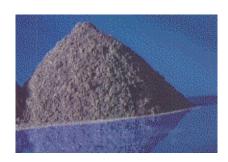
2-50nm

Macropores:

>50nm



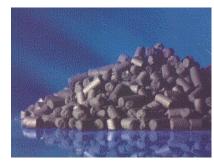
Forms of Biochar and Activated Carbon



Powdered (PAC) - 100% Less Than 180 Microns



► Granular (GAC) – US Std. Mesh Sizes



Extruded – Pellets in Mm Diameter Sizes



Examples of Applications for Biochar

Wastewater / Produced water / Remediation

- Toxicity reduction landfill leachate
- PACT process (addition to aeration basin)
- Oil and gas
- Odor control Hydrogen Sulfide (may require post processing)
 - Wastewater plants
 - Oil and gas companies
 - Asphalt plants

Groundwater

- Arsenic As(III)/As(V)
- Nucleotide / Uranium

Watershed protection and potable water treatment

- Pesticides/herbicides / Agricultural runoff (atrazine, etc.)
- Aquariums / Aquaculture
 - Organic pollutants (Fish food, waste, color, etc.)
 - Ammonium



Advantages of Biochar

- ► Good porosity = faster adsorption
- High purity / low ash
- Lower density = lower cost on volumetric basis
- Metal adsorption is superior in certain conditions
- Well suited for biological systems, i.e., high COD reduction
- Can be certified 'Organic', i.e., CDFA, etc.
- Renewable and sustainable raw material
- High cation exchange capacity (CEC)





Suggestions for Biochar producers

- **▶** Continuous production
- Reliable raw material
- Consistent quality
- **▶** AC properties testing
- Patience
 - Gain customer interest Green technology, etc.
 - Benefits economics, performance
 - Testing and evaluation typically months
 - Acceptance





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Activated Carbon / Biomass

Accredited Member



Over 25 years of experience in working with environmental protection technologies having established expertise in activated carbon for water and gas phase systems

Consulting services to biochar and activated carbon manufacturers and investors both in the US and internationally

Advisor to the EPA and former Chair of the AWWA Activated Carbon Standards Committee.





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